



## FAKULTEIT NATUURWETENSKAP

### DEPARTEMENT TOEGEPASTE WISKUNDE

**MODULE**    **APM3B10**  
                  **KWANTUMBEREKENINGE**

**KAMPUS**    **APK**

**EKSAMEN**   **NOVEMBER 2009**

**DATUM:** 3/11/2009

**SESSION:** 09:00 – 12:00

**ASSESSOR**

DR. Y. HARDY

**EKSTERNE MODERATOR**

PROF. R. DE MELLO KOCH

**TYDSDUUR:** 3 UUR

**PUNTE:** 40

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**AANTAL BLADSYE:** 3 BLADSYE

**INSTRUKSIES:** BEANTWOORD AL DIE VRAE

ALLE BEREKENINGS MOET GETOON WORD

SAKREKENAARS MAG GEBRUIK WORD

ALLE HOEKE WORD IN RADIALE GEMEET

DIE VOORGESKREWE HANDBOEK WORD TOEGELAAT

**VRAAG 1**

Beskou die Hilbertruimte  $\mathbb{C}^4$  en die waarneembaar beskryf deur die matriks

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Beskryf die uitkomstes en geassosieerde waarskynlikhede vir die meting van 'n stelsel beskryf deur die digtheidsmatriks

$$\rho := \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}^* + \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}^*, \quad \theta \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Bereken die verwagte waarde.

(10)

**VRAAG 2**

(a) Bereken die von Neumann entropie van

$$\text{tr}_{\mathcal{H}_A} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

op  $\mathcal{H}_A \otimes \mathcal{H}_B$  waar  $\mathcal{H}_A = \mathcal{H}_B = \mathbb{C}^2$ .

(5)

(b) Laat  $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)^T \in \mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$  en definieer

$$\tilde{\mathbf{x}} := [(i\sigma_y) \otimes (i\sigma_y)] \mathbf{x}.$$

Wys dat  $\mathbf{x}$  skeibaar op  $\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$  is as en slegs as  $\mathbf{x}^T \tilde{\mathbf{x}} = 0$ .

Laat  $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$  waar  $\mathbf{a}$  verstriek op  $\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$  is. Vind  $\alpha \in \mathbb{C}$  sodat

$$\alpha \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$$

skeibaar op  $\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$  is, of bewys dat so 'n  $\alpha$  nie bestaan nie.

(5)

(10)

**VRAAG 3**

Laat

$$\{|0\rangle, |1\rangle, |2\rangle, |3\rangle\}$$

'n ortonormale basis in  $\mathbb{C}^4$  wees. Pas die kwantum Fourier-transformasie op  $\mathbb{C}^4$  toe op die toestand

$$|\psi_1\rangle := \frac{1}{2}(|0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle + |1\rangle \otimes |2\rangle + |2\rangle \otimes |1\rangle + |3\rangle \otimes |2\rangle),$$

en op die toestand

$$|\psi_2\rangle := \frac{1}{2}(|0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle - |1\rangle \otimes |0\rangle + |2\rangle \otimes |1\rangle - |3\rangle \otimes |0\rangle)$$

d.w.s. pas  $U_{QFT,4} \otimes I_4$  toe. Die kwantum Fourier-transformasie in  $\mathbb{C}^4$  is

$$U_{QFT,4} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=0}^3 \sum_{k=0}^3 e^{-i2\pi jk/4} |j\rangle \langle k|.$$

Gebruik u antwoorde om die periodisiteit van die ry van toestande in  $|\psi_1\rangle$  en  $|\psi_2\rangle$  te voorspel.

(10)

**VRAAG 4**

Laat  $U(t)$  en  $H$  (tyd onafhanklik) twee  $n \times n$  matrikse oor  $\mathbb{C}$  wees. Neem aan dat

$$U(t) = e^{-iHt}$$

waar  $t \in \mathbb{R}$  en  $H = H^*$ .

(a) Wys dat  $U(t)$  'n unitêre matriks is.

(2)

(b) Wys dat

$$H = iU(t)^* \frac{d}{dt} U(t).$$

(3)

(c) Laat

$$U(t) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos t & \sin t \\ -\sin t & \cos t \end{pmatrix}.$$

Vind  $H$ .

(5)

(10)

**EINDE VAN VRAESTEL**



## FACULTY OF SCIENCE

**DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS**

**MODULE**    **APM3B10**  
                  **QUANTUM COMPUTING**

**CAMPUS**   **APK**

**EXAM**        **NOVEMBER 2009**

**DATE:** 3/11/2009

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**ASSESSOR**

DR. Y. HARDY

**EXTERNAL MODERATOR**

PROF. R. DE MELLO KOCH

**DURATION:** 3 HOURS

**MARKS:** 40

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**NUMBER OF PAGES:** 3 PAGES

**INSTRUCTIONS:** ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

ALL CALCULATIONS MUST BE SHOWN

POCKET CALCULATORS ARE PERMITTED

ALL ANGLES ARE MEASURED IN RADIANS

THE PRESCRIBED TEXT BOOK IS ALLOWED

**QUESTION 1**

Consider the Hilbert space  $\mathbb{C}^4$  and the observable described by the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Describe the measurement outcomes and associated probabilities when observing a system described by the density matrix

$$\rho := \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}^* + \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}^*, \quad \theta \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Calculate the expectation value.

(10)

**QUESTION 2**

(a) Calculate the von Neumann entropy of

$$\text{tr}_{\mathcal{H}_A} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

on  $\mathcal{H}_A \otimes \mathcal{H}_B$  where  $\mathcal{H}_A = \mathcal{H}_B = \mathbb{C}^2$ .

(5)

(b) Let  $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)^T \in \mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$  and define

$$\tilde{\mathbf{x}} := [(i\sigma_y) \otimes (i\sigma_y)] \mathbf{x}.$$

Show that  $\mathbf{x}$  is separable on  $\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$  if and only if  $\mathbf{x}^T \tilde{\mathbf{x}} = 0$ .

Let  $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$  where  $\mathbf{a}$  is entangled on  $\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$ . Find  $\alpha \in \mathbb{C}$  such that

$$\alpha \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$$

is separable on  $\mathbb{C}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}^2$ , or prove that no such  $\alpha$  exists.

(5)

(10)

**QUESTION 3**

Let

$$\{ |0\rangle, |1\rangle, |2\rangle, |3\rangle \}$$

denote an orthonormal basis in  $\mathbb{C}^4$ . Apply the quantum Fourier transform on  $\mathbb{C}^4$  to the state

$$|\psi_1\rangle := \frac{1}{2}(|0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle + |1\rangle \otimes |2\rangle + |2\rangle \otimes |1\rangle + |3\rangle \otimes |2\rangle),$$

and to the state

$$|\psi_2\rangle := \frac{1}{2}(|0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle - |1\rangle \otimes |0\rangle + |2\rangle \otimes |1\rangle - |3\rangle \otimes |0\rangle)$$

i.e. apply  $U_{QFT,4} \otimes I_4$ . The quantum Fourier transform on  $\mathbb{C}^4$  is given by

$$U_{QFT,4} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=0}^3 \sum_{k=0}^3 e^{-i2\pi jk/4} |j\rangle \langle k|.$$

Use your answers to predict the periodicity of the sequence of states in  $|\psi_1\rangle$  and  $|\psi_2\rangle$ . (10)

#### QUESTION 4

Let  $U(t)$  and  $H$  (time independent) be  $n \times n$  matrices over  $\mathbb{C}$ . Assume that

$$U(t) = e^{-iHt}$$

where  $t \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $H = H^*$ .

(a) Show that  $U(t)$  is unitary. (2)

(b) Show that

$$H = iU(t)^* \frac{d}{dt} U(t). \tag{3}$$

(c) Let

$$U(t) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos t & \sin t \\ -\sin t & \cos t \end{pmatrix}.$$

Find  $H$ . (5)

(10)

END OF QUESTION PAPER